

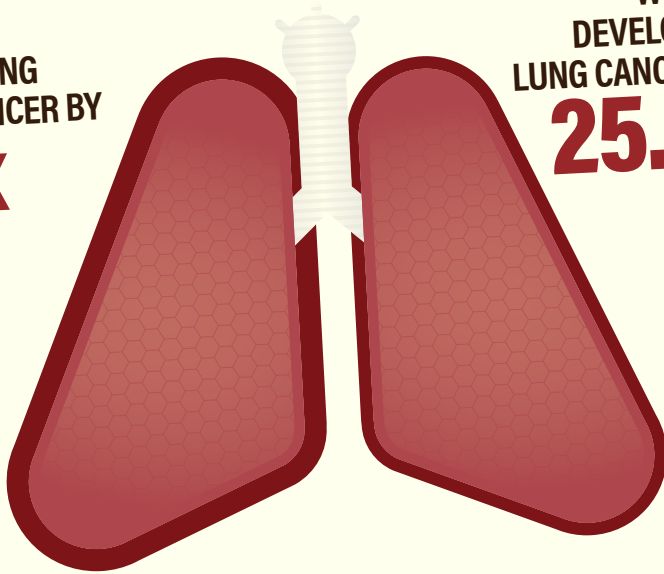
ROT AWAY

SMOKING CAUSES CORONARY HEART DISEASE,
the leading cause of death in the U.S.¹

SMOKING CAUSES LUNG CANCER AND LUNG DISEASES
including COPD, emphysema, bronchitis, and chronic airway obstruction.²

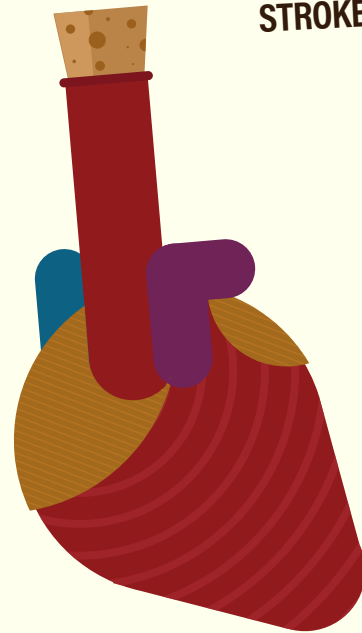
COMPARED TO NON-SMOKERS, SMOKING IS ESTIMATED TO INCREASE THE RISK OF:³

MEN DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER BY 25x



WOMEN DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER BY 25.7x

STROKE BY 2 TO 4x



CORONARY HEART DISEASE BY 2 TO 4x

Smokers are **12 TO 13 TIMES MORE LIKELY TO DIE** from **CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD)** than Non-Smokers.

SMOKING ALSO CAUSES THE FOLLOWING CANCERS:⁴

STOMACH CANCER

CANCER OF THE ORAL CAVITY (MOUTH)

LUNG CANCER

CANCER OF THE PHARYNX (THROAT)

CANCER OF THE LARYNX (VOICE BOX)

CANCER OF THE ESOPHAGUS

KIDNEY CANCER

CANCER OF THE UTERUS

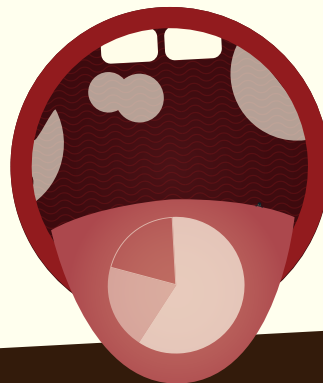
CANCER OF THE CERVIX

BLADDER CANCER

ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA

MANY SMOKELESS TOBACCO PRODUCTS CONTAIN AT LEAST 28 CANCER-CAUSING CHEMICALS.⁵

SMOKELESS TOBACCO CAN CAUSE WHITE OR GRAY PATCHES
PATCHES INSIDE THE MOUTH (LEUKOPLAKIA) THAT CAN LEAD TO CANCER.⁶



SMOKELESS TOBACCO CAN CAUSE GUM DISEASE, TOOTH DECAY, AND TOOTH LOSS.⁷

SOURCES:

- ¹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (USDHHS). Let's Make the Next Generation Tobacco-Free: Your Guide to the 50th Anniversary Surgeon General's Report on Smoking and Health (Consumer Booklet). Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health; 2014.
- ² U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health, 2014 [accessed 2016 Dec 20].
- ³ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health, 2014 [accessed 2017 Apr 20].
- ⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Let's Make the Next Generation Tobacco-Free: Your Guide to the 50th Anniversary Surgeon General's Report on Smoking and Health. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health, 2014 [accessed 2019 Jan 23].
- ⁵ World Health Organization. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Volume 89: Smokeless Tobacco and Some Tobacco-Specific N-Nitrosaminespdf iconexternal icon.[PDF–3.18 MB]Lyon (France): World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 2007 [accessed 2014 Oct 31].
- ⁶ World Health Organization. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Volume 89: Smokeless Tobacco and Some Tobacco-Specific N-Nitrosaminespdf iconexternal icon.[PDF–3.18 MB]Lyon (France): World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 2007 [accessed 2014 Oct 31].
- ⁷ World Health Organization. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Volume 89: Smokeless Tobacco and Some Tobacco-Specific N-Nitrosaminespdf iconexternal icon.[PDF–3.18 MB]Lyon (France): World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 2007 [accessed 2014 Oct 31].